IN THE CLAIMS

1 through 32 (Cancelled)

- 33. (Previously Presented) An antisense oligonucleotide, wherein the antisense oligonucleotide inhibits the expression of a nucleic acid molecule encoding a human EDG-1 receptor and wherein the antisense oligonucleotide includes the translational initiation site of the nucleic acid molecule encoding the human EDG-1 receptor.
- 34. (Previously Presented) The antisense oligonucleotide of claim 33 wherein the antisense oligonucleotide hybridizes to the nucleic acid molecule encoding the EDG-1 receptor.
- 35. (Previously Presented) The antisense oligonucleotide of claim 33 comprising SEQ ID NO:1 or SEQ ID NO:2.
- 36. (Previously Presented) The antisense oligonucleotide of claim 33 comprising a backbone modified oligonucleotide.
- 37. (Previously Presented) The backbone modified oligonucleotide of claim 36 comprising a phosphorothioate-modified oligonucleotide.
- 38. (Previously Presented) The antisense oligonucleotide of claim 33 comprising a sugar modified nucleotide.
- 39. (Previously Presented) The antisense oligonucleotide of claim 33 comprising a modified nucleic acid base.
- 40. (Previously Presented) The antisense oligonucleotide of claim 33 further comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.

to inhibit the expression of a nucleic acid molecule encoding an EDG-1 receptor.

- 42. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 41 wherein the cells are endothelial cells.
- 43. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 42 wherein the endothelial cells are vascular endothelial cells.
- 44. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 43 comprising at least one additional antiangiogenic factor.
 - 45. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 41, wherein the cells are cultured in vitro.
- 46. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 41 wherein inhibition decreases the formation of adherens junctions.
- 47. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 46 further comprising contacting the cells with an additional anti-angiogenic factor.
- 48. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 41 wherein inhibition decreases the formation of mature neovessels.
- 49. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 48 further comprising contacting the cells with an additional anti-angiogenic factor.
- 50. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 41 wherein the amount of antisense oligonucleotide is effective to inhibit angiogenesis.
- 51. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 50, further comprising contacting the cells with an additional anti-angiogenic factor.
- 52. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 41, wherein the amount of antisense oligonucleotide is comprising contacting the cells with a therapeutically effective to protect the cells from programmed cell death.

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- 54. (Previously Presented) An antisense oligonucleotide, wherein the antisense oligonucleotide inhibits the expression of a nucleic acid molecule encoding a human EDG-3 receptor and wherein the antisense oligonucleotide includes the translational initiation site of the nucleic acid molecule encoding the human EDG-3 receptor.
- 55. (Previously Presented) The antisense oligonucleotide of claim 54 wherein the antisense oligonucleotide hybridizes to a nucleic acid molecule encoding an EDG-3 receptor.
- 56. (Previously Presented) The antisense oligonucleotide of claim 54 comprising SEQ ID NO:5.
- 57. (Previously Presented) The antisense oligonucleotide of claim 54 comprising a backbone modified oligonucleotide.
- 58. (Previously Presented) The backbone modified oligonucleotide of claim 57 comprising a phosphorothioate-modified oligonucleotide.
- 59. (Previously Presented) The antisense oligonucleotide of claim 54 comprising a sugar modified nucleotide.
- 60. (Previously Presented) The antisense oligonucleotide of claim 54 comprising a modified nucleic acid base.
- 61. (Previously Presented) The antisense oligonucleotide of claim 54 further comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.
- 62. (Withdrawn) A method of affecting intracellular signaling between cells, comprising contacting the cells with an antisense oligonucleotide in an amount effective to inhibit the expression of a nucleic acid molecule encoding an EDG-3 receptor.
- vascular endothelial cells.

- 65. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 64 comprising at least one additional antiangiogenic factor.
 - 66. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 62, wherein the cells are cultured in vitro.
- 67. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 62, wherein inhibition decreases the formation of adherens junctions.
- 68. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 67, further comprising contacting the cells with an additional anti-angiogenic factor.
- 69. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 62, wherein inhibition decreases the formation of mature neovessels.
- 70. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 69 further comprising contacting the cells with an additional anti-angiogenic factor.
- 71. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 62, wherein the amount of antisense oligonucleotide is effective to inhibit angiogenesis.
- 72. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 71, further comprising contacting the cells with an additional anti-angiogenic factor.
- 73. (Previously Presented) An antisense oligonucleotide, wherein the antisense oligonucleotide inhibits the expression of a nucleic acid molecule encoding a human EDG-1 or EDG-3 receptor and wherein the antisense oligonucleotide includes the translational initiation site of the nucleic acid molecule encoding the human EDG-1 or EDG-3 receptor.
- 74. (Previously Presented) The antisense oligonucleotide of claim 73 comprising SEQ ID NO:1 or SEQ ID NO:2.

- 76. (Previously Presented) The antisense oligonucleotide of claim 73 comprising a backbone modified oligonucleotide.
- 77. (Previously Presented) The backbone modified oligonucleotide of claim 76 comprising a phosphorothioate-modified oligonucleotide.
- 78. (Previously Presented) The antisense oligonucleotide of claim 73 further comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.
- 79. (Withdrawn) A method of affecting intracellular signaling between cells, comprising contacting the cells with an antisense oligonucleotide in an amount effective to inhibit the expression of a nucleic acid molecule encoding the human EDG-1 or EDG-3 receptor.
 - 80. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 79, wherein the cells are cultured in vitro.
- 81. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 79, wherein the amount of oligonucleotide is effective to inhibit angiogenesis.
- 82. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 81, further comprising contacting the cells with an additional anti-angiogenic factor.